

IN THE CLAIMS

The following listing of claims replaces all previous listings and versions of claim in this application.

1. (Currently amended) A method of producing a product substrate, which comprises:
 - providing a donor wafer ~~that is substantially free of foreign atomic species~~;
 - implanting atomic species into the donor wafer to a preselected depth into a region therein that is substantially free of foreign atomic species to form a weakened zone below a bonding face of the donor wafer to define a transfer layer between the weakened zone and the bonding face, the weakened zone being configured to facilitate detachment of the transfer layer;
 - bonding the donor wafer at the bonding face to a support;
 - detaching the transfer layer from the donor wafer along the weakened zone to obtain a product substrate that comprises the support and the transfer layer; and
 - diffusing atomic foreign species into the transfer layer, wherein the foreign species is selected to ~~modify at least one of the electrical or optical properties of~~ render the transfer layer semi-insulating by said diffusion.
2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein foreign atomic species is diffused into the transfer layer after detaching the transfer layer from the donor wafer.
3. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein foreign atomic species is diffused into the transfer layer prior to implanting the atomic species that form the weakened zone.
4. (Original) The method of claim 3, wherein the foreign species is diffused into the transfer layer to a depth that is smaller than the depth of implantation of the atomic species that form the weakened zone.
5. (Original) The method of claim 4, which further comprises thinning the transfer layer after the detaching to remove a portion thereof that is substantially free of the foreign atomic species.

6. (Original) The method of claim 1, which further comprises producing a bonding layer on at least one of the bonding face of the donor wafer or on the support, or on both, to improve bonding strength therebetween.

7. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein that the bonding layer is configured to form a buried insulator in the product substrate.

8. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein transfer layer comprises a Group III-V semiconductor.

9. (Cancelled)

10. (Original) The method of claim 9, wherein the transfer layer is made of indium phosphide.

11. (Original) The method of claim 10, wherein the foreign atomic species comprises at least one of iron or rhodium.

12. (Original) The method of claim 10, wherein the foreign atomic species comprises a shallow acceptor and a shallow donor.

13. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the implanted atomic species that forms the weakened zone comprises at least one of hydrogen ions and rare gas ions.

14. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the support material is mechanically stronger than the transfer layer.

15. (Original) The method of claim 1, which further comprises epitaxially growing an epitaxial layer on the transfer layer of the substrate after the detaching.

16. (Original) The method of claim 15, wherein the epitaxial layer has a lattice structure that is different than that of the transfer layer.

17. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the transfer layer has a thickness of less than about 10 μm .

18. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the detaching of the donor wafer is achieved by applying stress to the weakened zone.

19. (Currently amended) In a method for producing a product substrate by implanting atomic species into a donor wafer to a preselected depth into a region therein that is substantially free of foreign atomic species to form a weakened zone below a bonding face of the donor wafer to define a transfer layer between the weakened zone and the bonding face, the weakened zone being configured to facilitate detachment of the transfer layer; bonding the donor wafer at the bonding face to a support; and detaching the transfer layer from the donor wafer along the weakened zone to obtain a product substrate that comprises the support and the transfer layer; ~~the improvement which comprises~~ the method comprising diffusing atomic foreign species into the transfer layer prior to or after detaching, wherein the foreign species is selected and the diffusion is conducted to ~~modify at least one of the electrical or optical properties of~~ render the entire transfer layer semi-insulating.

20-25. (Cancelled)

26. (New) The method of claim 1, wherein the foreign atomic species are diffused into the transfer layer over a surface of substantially the entire transfer layer.